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APPLICATION NO.	FIL	ING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/809,151	03	3/25/2004	Antony Manoj Justin	200316482-1	7395	
22879	7590	11/16/2005		EXAMINER		
		ED COMPANY	KOYAMA, KUMIKO C			
P O BOX 272400, 3404 E. HARMONY ROAD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ADMINISTRATION				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
FORT COL	LINS, CO	80527-2400		2876		

DATE MAILED: 11/16/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	·
	10/809,151	JUSTIN, ANTONY MANOJ	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Kumiko C. Koyama	2876	
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by sta Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the may earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re- tiod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON atute, cause the application to become AB	CATION. apply be timely filed . THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on _			
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ T	his action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	wance except for formal matte	ers, prosecution as to the merits is	
closed in accordance with the practice unde	er Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-28</u> is/are pending in the applicati	on.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without	frawn from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-28</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	d/or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Exam	iner.		
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 25 March 2004 is/are	e: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ obje	ected to by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to t	he drawing(s) be held in abeyan	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr	•	•	
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached	Office Action or form PTO-152.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	ign priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).	
1. Certified copies of the priority docume	ents have been received.		
2. Certified copies of the priority docume	ents have been received in A	oplication No	
Copies of the certified copies of the p	<u>*</u>	received in this National Stage	
application from the International Bur	• • • •		
* See the attached detailed Office action for a l	list of the certified copies not	eceived.	
Attachment(s)			
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview S	· ummary (PTO-413)	
2) DNotice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date	
 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/ Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>0304</u>. 	(08) 5) Notice of In 6) Other:	formal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

DETAILED ACTION

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Specification

1. The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because it includes improper language, such as "is provided." Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 1, 2, 4-7, 9-13, 15-17 and 19-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Pitroda (US 5,884,271).

Re claims 1 and 4: Pitroda discloses a universal electronic transaction (UET) card, which includes a microprocessor (col 2, lines 48-51). Pitroda discloses a memory means for storing information, including personal information for the user, account information for a plurality of service institution in which the user has an account, and transactional information for each service institution for which account information exists, into the memory means (col 18, lines 34-40). As shown in Fig. 3, RAM, ROM and non-volatile RAM 34 are all coupled to the microcontroller (col 11, lines 38-40). Pitroda teaches that the UET stores social security number (col 2, lines 53-54), drivers license (col 1, lines 34-35) and bank account numbers (col 3, lines 15-20). Fig. 3 shows that Input/Output port management 33 is also coupled to the memory and

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processor. Pitroda also teaches an LCD type full display 10, contacts 13, speaker/beeper 16 and function keys displayed on the LCD (Fig. 1). Fig. 3 also shows that the display 30, speaker/beeper 37, pins contact 38, and IR/RF option 39 are all coupled to the microcontroller 33 (Fig. 3).

Re claim 2: As described above, Pitroda discloses a display on the card, a function key, a transceiver (IR/RF option), a data port (I/O port management), an audio input/output (speaker/beeper).

Re claim 5: Fig. 1 shows alphanumeric keys and a toggle key to browse menu items presented on the display (Fig. 1).

Re claim 6: Pitroda discloses a touch-sensitive LCD display (col 4, lines 1-5).

Re claim 7: As described above, Pitroda discloses an IR/RF option.

Re claim 9: Pitroda teaches a club membership account number (col 2, lines 56-57), a social security number, which is a tax identification number, and medical identification number (col 3, lines 19-20), which is a medical record. Pitroda also teaches entering a PIN number, which is a password, that is stored in the card when the user inputs it into the card (col 14, lines 7-18).

Re claims 10, 16 and 17: Pitroda teaches an IR/RF option. Pitroda also discloses communication means for electronically communicating information, including personal information, account information, and transactional information with service institutions (col 18, lines 40-45). Pitroda further discloses transmitting and receiving information for a plurality of service institution (col 3, lines 1-10).

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Re claims 11, 12, 13 and 15: Pitroda further discloses that a variety of security mechanisms is built into the UET card to avoid access to confidential information as well as to avoid fraud. During initialization the user is requested to select a unique authorization code, which may be up to 10 digits. The user-programmed authorization code is intended to be maintained by the user in confidence, much like PIN numbers used in connection with ATM cards. Whenever desired, access to information stored in the card or the ability to use the card can be blocked, unless the proper authorization code is entered. Once the UET card is initialized with a signature and an authorization code it is ready for normal use (col 14, lines 5-20).

Re claims 19, 21-25 and 27: Pitroda discloses a universal electronic transaction (UET) card, which includes a microprocessor (col 2, lines 48-51). Pitroda discloses a memory means for storing information, including personal information for the user, account information for a plurality of service institution in which the user has an account, and transactional information for each service institution for which account information exists, into the memory means (col 18, lines 34-40). As shown in Fig. 3, RAM, ROM and non-volatile RAM 34 are all coupled to the microcontroller (col 11, lines 38-40). Pitroda teaches that the UET stores social security number (col 2, lines 53-54), drivers license (col 1, lines 34-35) and bank account numbers (col 3, lines 15-20). Fig. 3 shows that Input/Output port management 33 is also coupled to the memory and processor. Pitroda also teaches an LCD type full display 10, contacts 13, speaker/beeper 16 and function keys displayed on the LCD (Fig. 1). Fig. 3 also shows that the display 30, speaker/beeper 37, pins contact 38, and IR/RF option 39 are all coupled to the microcontroller 33 (Fig. 3). Pitroda teaches an IR/RF option. Pitroda also discloses communication means for electronically communicating information, including personal information, account information,

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and transactional information with service institutions (col 18, lines 40-45). Pitroda further discloses transmitting and receiving information for a plurality of service institution (col 3, lines 1-10). Pitroda further discloses that a variety of security mechanisms is built into the UET card to avoid access to confidential information as well as to avoid fraud. During initialization the user is requested to select a unique authorization code, which may be up to 10 digits. The user-programmed authorization code is intended to be maintained by the user in confidence, much like PIN numbers used in connection with ATM cards. Whenever desired, access to information stored in the card or the ability to use the card can be blocked, unless the proper authorization code is entered. Once the UET card is initialized with a signature and an authorization code it is ready for normal use (col 14, lines 5-20).

Re claim 20: Pitroda discloses a touch-sensitive LCD display (col 4, lines 1-5).

Re claim 28: Service institution includes governmental agency, bank transactions etc (col 3, lines 3-12).

Re claim 26: Pitroda teaches that the UET sends a PIN number to the service and the service authorizes a transaction (col 17, lines 1-37). Such service is a lock mechanism for locking and unlocking a transaction initiated by the UET owner.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 3, 8 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pitroda in view of Baratelli (US 6,325,285).

Pitroda fails to teach a biometric identification mechanism.

Baratelli teaches a smart card having a sensing surface 110, which constitutes part of a fingerprint reader that is adapted to generated electrical signals representative of the fingerprint of a finger placed on sensing surface 110 (col 3, lines 55-60).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to integrate the teachings of Baratelli to the teachings of Pitroda in order to order to confirm that the person using the card is an authorized user such as the card owner, and to increase the level of security by utilizing unique features of a person that cannot be dublicated.

6. Claim 14 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pitroda in view of Gangi (US 6,293,462, as cited by the Applicant) and Hasegawa (US 5,055,662).

Pitroda fails to teach to teach a card having an optical sensor and a magnetic strip.

Gangi teaches a wallet consolidator including a bar code scanner 180 for scanning bar codes (Fig. 3).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to integrate the teachings of Gangi to the teachings of Pitroda because bar code scanner are used to scan a bar code on a face of identification, credit, debit, an dother types of cards, and to stored the bar code in memory of the card in fast manner with reduced error rate.

Pitroda as modified by Gangi fails to teach a magnetic strip on the card.

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Hasegawa teaches a card having a magnetic strip 5 (Fig. 2).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to integrate the teachings of Hasegawa to the teachings of Pitroda as modified by Gangi because many point of sale terminals are accompanied with a magnetic strip readers, and therefore, by modifying the teaching, the card is capable of accommodating readily available card readers and thereby, increasing the number of places the card can be utilized.

Conclusion

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Burchette, Jr., U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2003/0106935, discloses transaction card system having security against unauthorized usage.

Nguyen et al., U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2005/0130728, discloses personal gaming device and method of presenting a game.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kumiko C. Koyama whose telephone number is 571-272-2394. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8am-4:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael G. Lee can be reached on 571-272-2398. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Kumiko C. Koyana Kumiko C. Koyana November 14, 2005

> KARLD. FRECH PRIMARY EXAMINER

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